

## Topic: 12. Nested Serializers for Related Models Part 1

Speaker: Personal / Notebook: API Development using Django Framework

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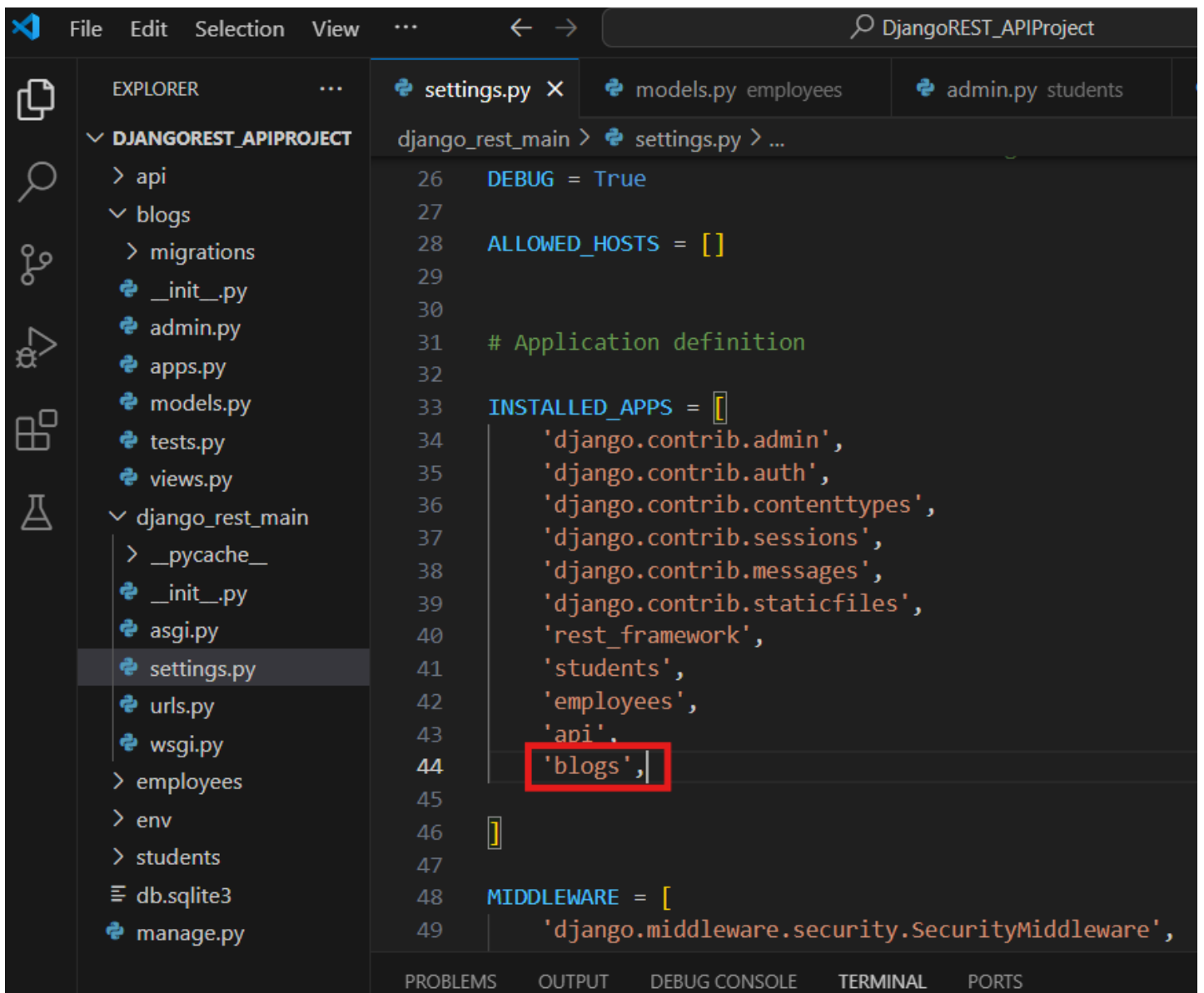
For additional reference, use [RestAPI Documentation](#) on nested serializer.

You can use the [Online JSON Viewer](#) to see/view the code or text.

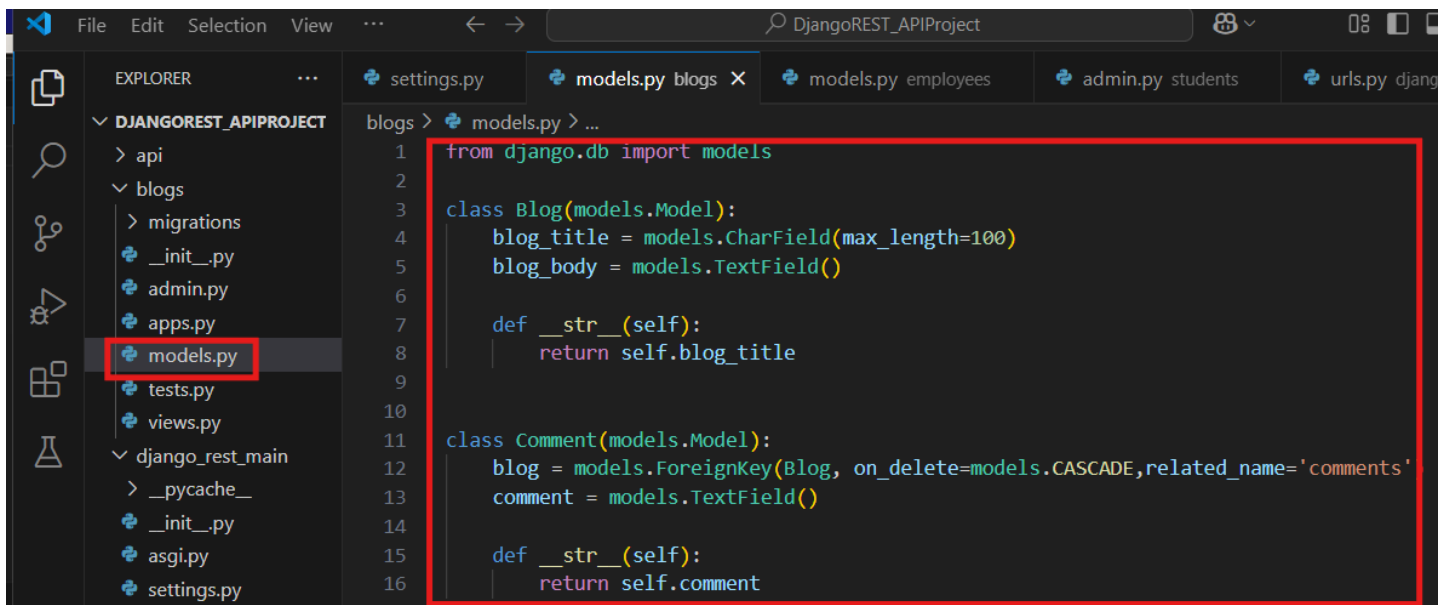
1. Create the new app BLOGS where each blog post may have several comments. In the terminal, use the create startapp command:

```
(env)
rosil@LearnCodeRepeat MINGW64 /c/Users/rosil/OneDrive/Documents/MyCodingCareer/Django Projects/API De
REST_APIProject
$ python manage.py startapp blogs
```

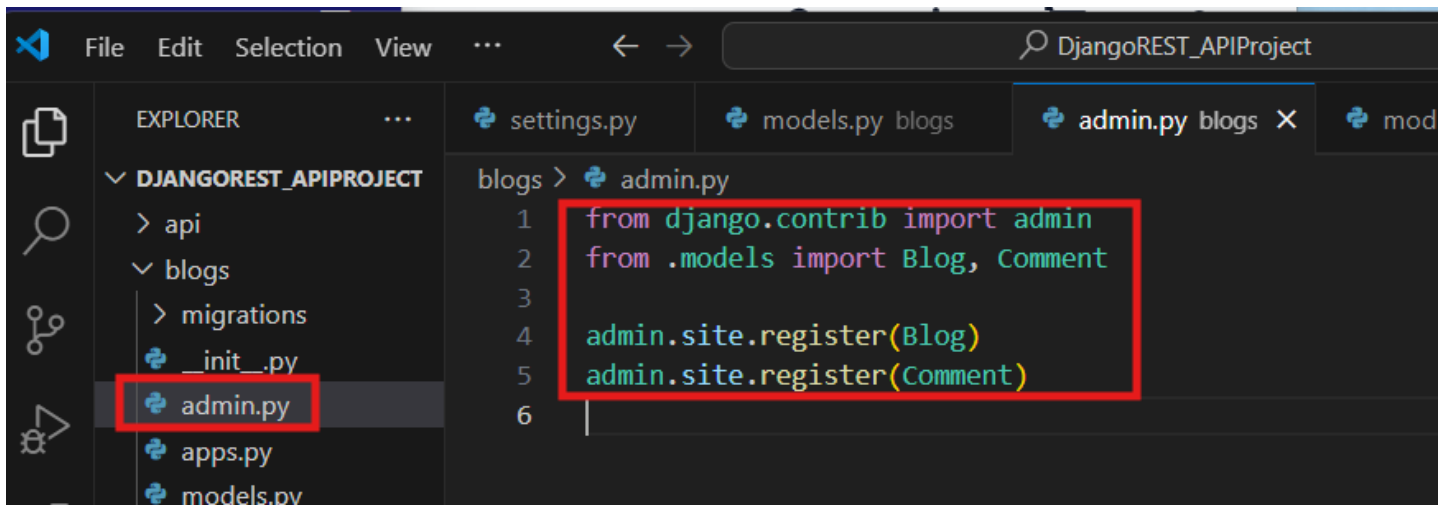
2. Register this new app in the SETTINGS.PY:



3. Create the models BLOG POST AND COMMENTS:



4. Register the models in ADMIN.PY:



```
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```

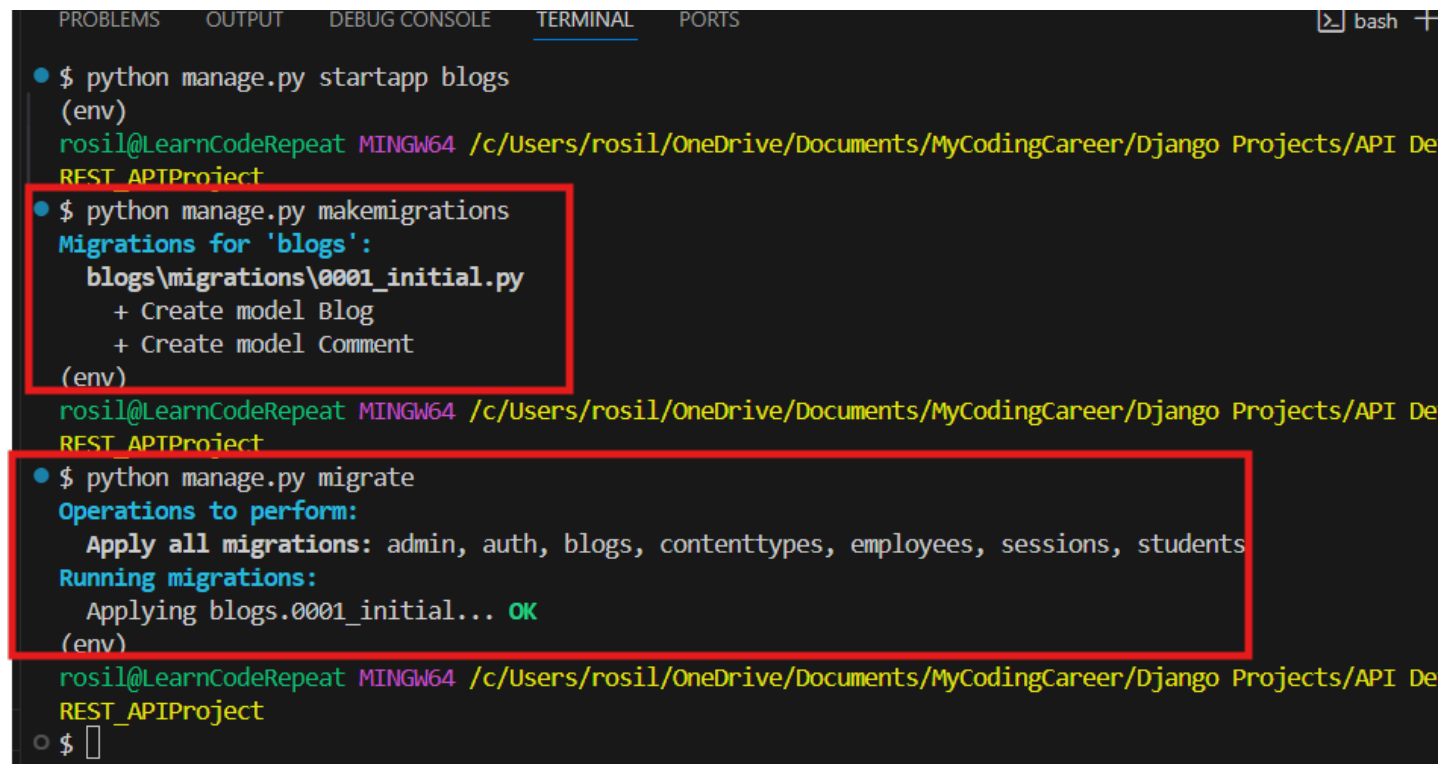
EXPLORER

- DJANGOREST\_APIPROJECT
  - api
  - blogs
    - migrations
    - \_\_init\_\_.py
    - admin.py
    - apps.py
    - models.py

blogs > admin.py

```
1 from django.contrib import admin
2 from .models import Blog, Comment
3
4 admin.site.register(Blog)
5 admin.site.register(Comment)
6
```

5. Make the migrations.



```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
```

```
• $ python manage.py startapp blogs
(env)
rosil@LearnCodeRepeat MINGW64 /c/Users/rosil/OneDrive/Documents/MyCodingCareer/Django Projects/API De
REST_APIProject

• $ python manage.py makemigrations
Migrations for 'blogs':
  blogs\migrations\0001_initial.py
    + Create model Blog
    + Create model Comment
(env)
rosil@LearnCodeRepeat MINGW64 /c/Users/rosil/OneDrive/Documents/MyCodingCareer/Django Projects/API De
REST_APIProject

• $ python manage.py migrate
Operations to perform:
  Apply all migrations: admin, auth, blogs, contenttypes, employees, sessions, students
Running migrations:
  Applying blogs.0001_initial... OK
(env)
rosil@LearnCodeRepeat MINGW64 /c/Users/rosil/OneDrive/Documents/MyCodingCareer/Django Projects/API De
REST_APIProject
$
```

6. Use the admin dashboard to add a new record.

7. Create a new file SERIALIZER in the BLOG FOLDER. You may also use the serializer.py in the API folder. This may work so add the serializers.py where you want it. For organization, have it in the app you want to use the serializer with.

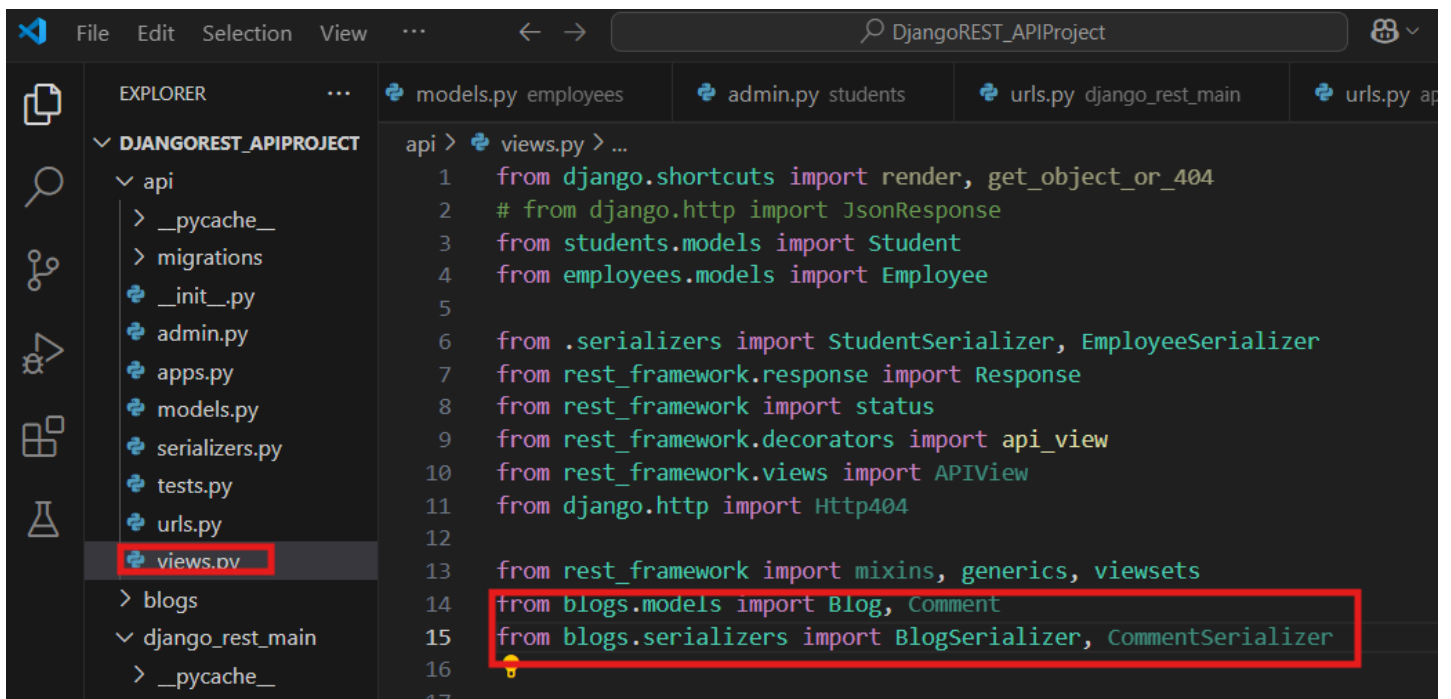
```
1 from rest_framework import serializers
2 from .models import Blog, Comment
3
4 class CommentSerializer(serializers.ModelSerializer):
5     class Meta:
6         model = Comment
7         fields = "__all__"
8
9 class BlogSerializer(serializers.ModelSerializer):
10     class Meta:
11         model = Blog
12         fields = "__all__"
```

8. Create the path in the APIURLS.PY:

```
1 from django.urls import path, include
2 from . import views
3 from rest_framework.routers import DefaultRouter
4
5 # uses the Viewsets for CRUD
6 router = DefaultRouter()
7 router.register('employees', views.EmployeeViewSet, basename='employee')
8
9 urlpatterns = [
10     #uses the function-based views
11     path('students/', views.studentsView),
12     path('students/<int:pk>', views.studentDetailView),
13
14     #uses the class-based views, mixins, generics
15     # path('employees/', views.Employees.as_view()),
16     # path('employees/<int:pk>', views.EmployeeDetail.as_view()),
17
18     # uses viewsets
19     path('', include(router.urls)),
20
21     # uses nested serializers
22     path('blogs/', views.BlogsView.as_view()),
23     path('comments/', views.CommentsView.as_view()),
24 ]
```

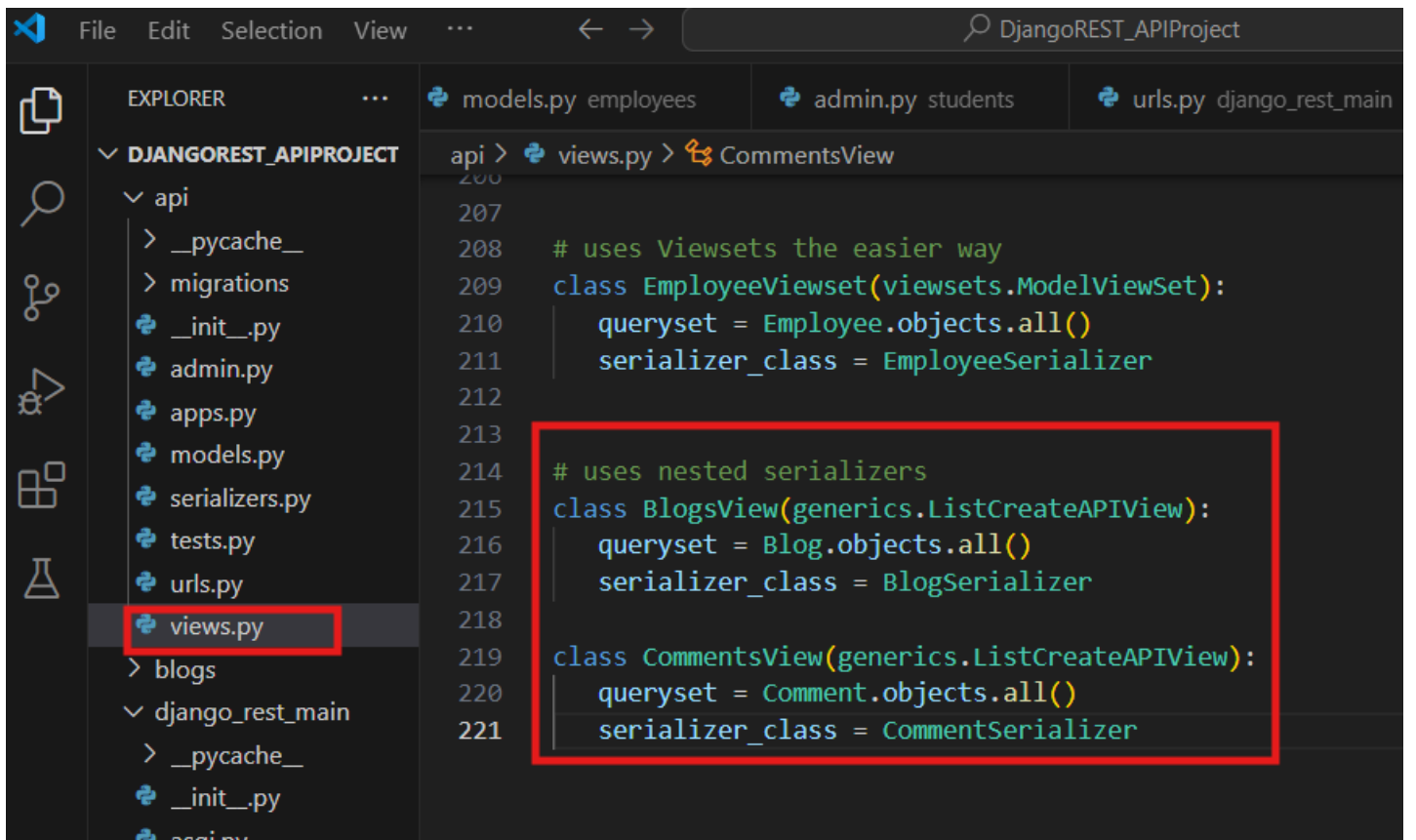
9. Update the VIEWS.PY.

Add the models BLOG & COMMENT:



```
1 from django.shortcuts import render, get_object_or_404
2 # from django.http import JsonResponse
3 from students.models import Student
4 from employees.models import Employee
5
6 from .serializers import StudentSerializer, EmployeeSerializer
7 from rest_framework.response import Response
8 from rest_framework import status
9 from rest_framework.decorators import api_view
10 from rest_framework.views import APIView
11 from django.http import Http404
12
13 from rest_framework import mixins, generics, viewsets
14 from blogs.models import Blog, Comment
15 from blogs.serializers import BlogSerializer, CommentSerializer
16
17
```

Create the classes in the VIEWS.PY:



```
200
207
208 # uses Viewsets the easier way
209 class EmployeeViewSet(viewsets.ModelViewSet):
210     queryset = Employee.objects.all()
211     serializer_class = EmployeeSerializer
212
213 # uses nested serializers
214 class BlogsView(generics.ListCreateAPIView):
215     queryset = Blog.objects.all()
216     serializer_class = BlogSerializer
217
218 class CommentsView(generics.ListCreateAPIView):
219     queryset = Comment.objects.all()
220     serializer_class = CommentSerializer
221
```

10. View the BLOG and COMMENT models:

→ 127.0.0.1:8000/api/v1/blogs/ 🔍 ☆ Q 📁 | 📄 🌐

Django REST framework api\_djangoadmin

Api Root / Blogs

## Blogs

OPTIONS GET ▾

GET /api/v1/blogs/

```
HTTP 200 OK
Allow: GET, POST, HEAD, OPTIONS
Content-Type: application/json
Vary: Accept

[]
```

Raw data HTML form

Blog title

Blog body

POST

→ 127.0.0.1:8000/api/v1/comments/ 🔍 ☆ Q 📁 | 📄 🌐

Django REST framework api\_djangoadmin

Api Root / Comments

## Comments

OPTIONS GET ▾

GET /api/v1/comments/

```
HTTP 200 OK
Allow: GET, POST, HEAD, OPTIONS
Content-Type: application/json
Vary: Accept

[]
```

Raw data HTML form

Comment

Blog

POST

11. Add new records.

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Django REST framework api\_djangoadmin

Api Root / Blogs

# Blogs

OPTIONS GET ▾

POST /api/v1/blogs/

HTTP 201 Created  
Allow: GET, POST, HEAD, OPTIONS  
Content-Type: application/json  
Vary: Accept

```
{  
  "id": 1,  
  "blog_title": "this is a blog 1",  
  "blog_body": "this is a blog body 1"  
}
```

Raw data

HTML form

Blog title

this is a blog 2

Blog body

this is a blog body 2

🔍 🗨️

POST

→ ↻ 127.0.0.1:8000/api/v1/comments/ 🔍 ☆ 📄 📁 📀

Django REST framework

api\_djangoadmin

Api Root / Comments

# Comments

OPTIONS GET ▾

GET /api/v1/comments/

HTTP 200 OK  
Allow: GET, POST, HEAD, OPTIONS  
Content-Type: application/json  
Vary: Accept

```
[
  {
    "id": 1,
    "comment": "this is comment #1",
    "blog": 1
  },
  {
    "id": 2,
    "comment": "this is comment #2",
    "blog": 1
  }
]
```

Raw data HTML form

Comment

this is comment #3

Blog

this is a blog 1

▾

POST

12. Our COMMENTS model shall be:

# Comments

OPTIONS

GET

GET /api/v1/comments/

```
HTTP 200 OK
Allow: GET, POST, HEAD, OPTIONS
Content-Type: application/json
Vary: Accept

[
  {
    "id": 1,
    "comment": "this is comment #1",
    "blog": 1
  },
  {
    "id": 2,
    "comment": "this is comment #2",
    "blog": 1
  },
  {
    "id": 3,
    "comment": "this is comment #3",
    "blog": 1
  },
  {
    "id": 4,
    "comment": "this is comment #1",
    "blog": 2
  },
  {
    "id": 5,
    "comment": "this is comment #2",
    "blog": 2
  }
]
```

Raw data

HTML form

Comment

Blog

this is a blog 1

POST

Our BLOGS shall be:

## Blogs

GET /api/v1/blogs/

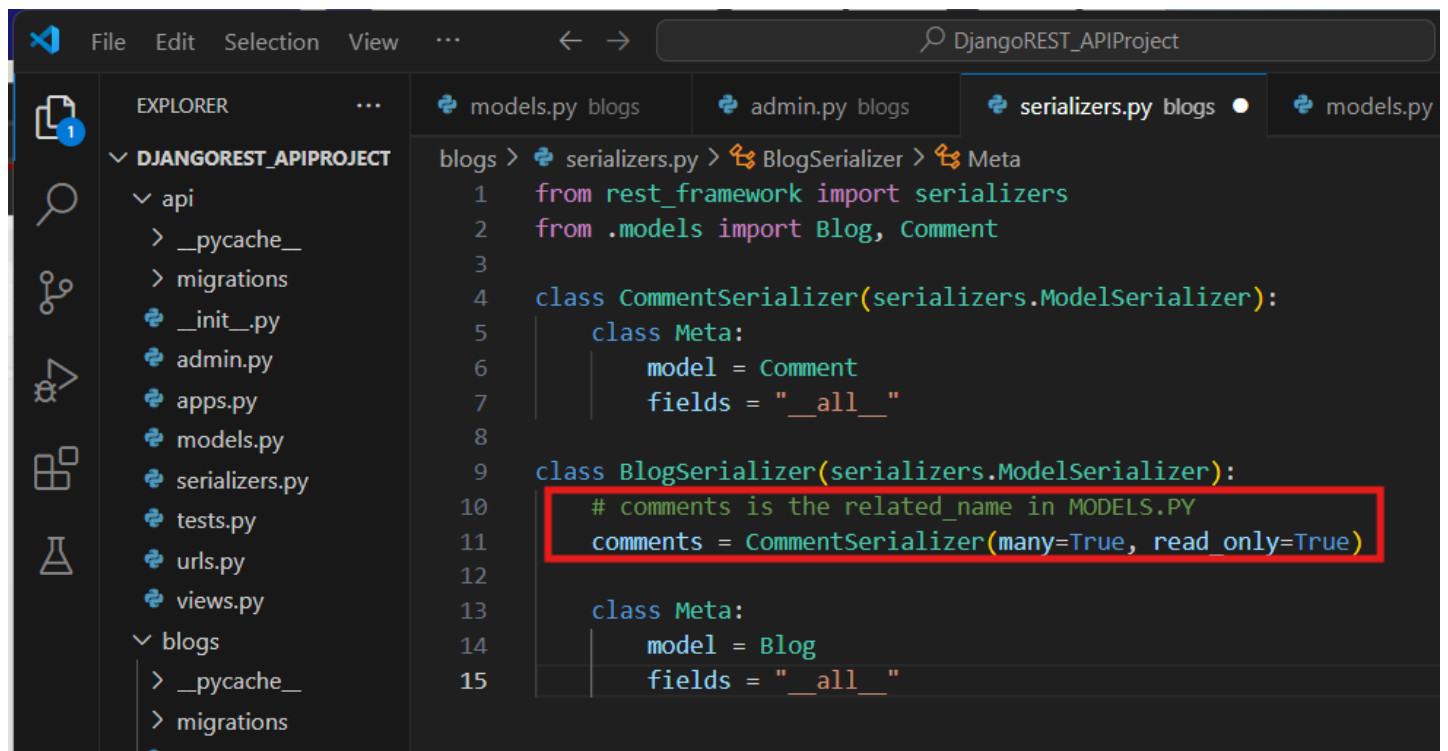
HTTP 200 OK  
Allow: GET, POST, HEAD, OPTIONS  
Content-Type: application/json  
Vary: Accept

```
[
  {
    "id": 1,
    "blog_title": "this is a blog 1",
    "blog_body": "this is a blog body 1"
  },
  {
    "id": 2,
    "blog_title": "this is a blog 2",
    "blog_body": "this is a blog body 2"
  }
]
```

Blog title

Blog body

13. To also show the comments under BLOGS model, update the SERIALIZERS.PY:



```
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EXPLORER
  DJANGOREST_APIPROJECT
    api
      __pycache__
      migrations
      __init__.py
      admin.py
      apps.py
      models.py
      serializers.py
      tests.py
      urls.py
      views.py
    blogs
      __pycache__
      migrations

models.py blogs admin.py blogs serializers.py blogs models.py

blogs > serializers.py > BlogSerializer > Meta
1 from rest_framework import serializers
2 from .models import Blog, Comment
3
4 class CommentSerializer(serializers.ModelSerializer):
5     class Meta:
6         model = Comment
7         fields = "__all__"
8
9 class BlogSerializer(serializers.ModelSerializer):
10     # comments is the related_name in MODELS.PY
11     comments = CommentSerializer(many=True, read_only=True)
12
13     class Meta:
14         model = Blog
15         fields = "__all__"
```

To view the BLOGS pa

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Django REST framework api\_djangoadmin

Api Root / Blogs

# Blogs

OPTIONS GET ▾

GET /api/v1/blogs/

HTTP 200 OK  
Allow: GET, POST, HEAD, OPTIONS  
Content-Type: application/json  
Vary: Accept

```
[
  {
    "id": 1,
    "comments": [
      {
        "id": 1,
        "comment": "this is comment #1",
        "blog": 1
      },
      {
        "id": 2,
        "comment": "this is comment #2",
        "blog": 1
      },
      {
        "id": 3,
        "comment": "this is comment #3",
        "blog": 1
      }
    ],
    "blog_title": "this is a blog 1",
    "blog_body": "this is a blog body 1"
  },
  {
    "id": 2,
    "comments": [
      {
        "id": 4,
        "comment": "this is comment #1",
        "blog": 2
      },
      {
        "id": 5,
        "comment": "this is comment #2",
        "blog": 2
      }
    ],
    "blog_title": "this is a blog 2",
    "blog_body": "this is a blog body 2"
  }
]
```

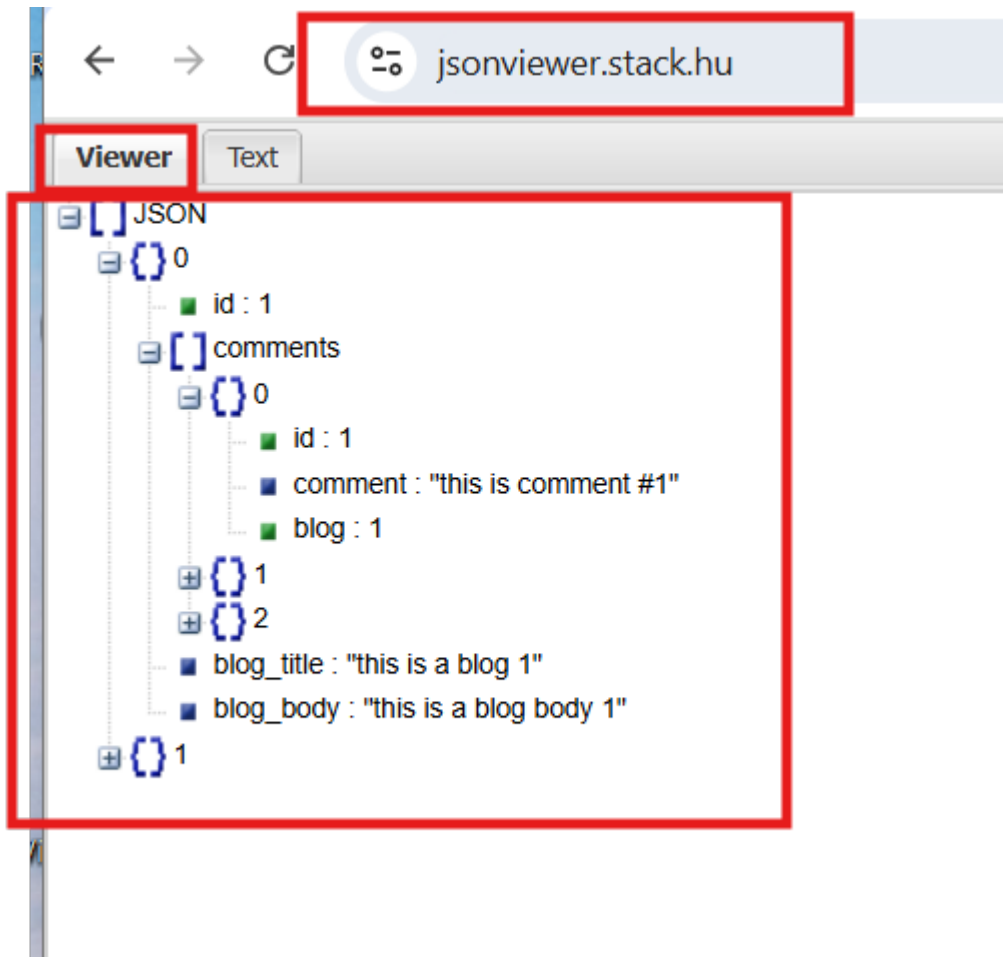
Raw data HTML form

Blog title

14. So now, copy and paste the sample records to ONLINE JSON VIEWER:

TEXT MODE:

```
[
  {
    "id": 1,
    "comments": [
      {
        "id": 1,
        "comment": "this is comment #1",
        "blog": 1
      },
      {
        "id": 2,
        "comment": "this is comment #2",
        "blog": 1
      },
      {
        "id": 3,
        "comment": "this is comment #3",
        "blog": 1
      }
    ],
    "blog_title": "this is a blog 1",
    "blog_body": "this is a blog body 1"
  },
  {
    "id": 2,
    "comments": [
      {
        "id": 4,
        "comment": "this is comment #1",
        "blog": 2
      },
      {
        "id": 5,
        "comment": "this is comment #2",
        "blog": 2
      }
    ],
    "blog_title": "this is a blog 2",
    "blog_body": "this is a blog body 2"
  }
]
```



15.